Research Paper MENA | Healthcare 2018 / 2019





The Pulse: 9<sup>th</sup> Edition
Arab Health Market Series

Diabesity – Impact on the MENA region

# Diabesity - Global Scenario

### Introduction

"Diabesity" refers to a twin occurrence of the epidemics of type 2 diabetes and obesity. Defined medically as a metabolic dysfunction that ranges from mild blood sugar imbalance to full-fledged Type 2 diabetes.

Health professionals and researchers consider diabesity as potentially the greatest epidemic in human history.

Aside from the genetic basis of diabesity, changing lifestyles often a result of rising disposable income and urbanization are considered as one of the major contributing factors for diabesity. A drop in physical activity and unhealthy dietary habits combine to form a variety of lifestyle diseases.

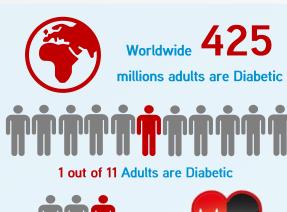
According to the World Health Organization (WHO), globally 425 million adults suffer from diabetes. One in Three adults aged over 18 years are overweight and One in Ten is medically obese causing 1.6 million deaths directly attributable to diabetes each year. Further complications of diabetes include; blindness, kidney failure, heart attacks, strokes and lower limb amputation.

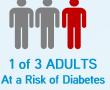
Globally obesity has nearly tripled since 1975 reaching more than 1.9 billion adults in 2016. Of those 18 years and older 650 million were obese.

Another major problem world is facing is child obesity. Based on WHO data, child obesity (aged 0 to 5 years) has increased from 32 million globally in 1990 to 41 million in 2016, which is further expected to reach to 70 million by 2025.

In the Middle East & North Africa (MENA) region the prevalence of diabetes and obesity is one of the highest in the world with almost 39 million people suffering from diabetes. Eight Middle Eastern countries; Kuwait, Qatar, Egypt, KSA, Bahrain, UAE, Jordan and Lebanon have the highest ratio of obesity among adults globally with 27% to 40% of the total population affected.

Colliers International Overview "Diabesity – Impact on the MENA region" the 9th in The Pulse series, provides an indepth analysis of the key factors impacting the diabesity epidemic with focus on the MENA region, and its future outlook and identify opportunities and challenges to operators and investors







Source: WHO, IDF,, DHA; Colliers International, 2018



Worldwide 1.9 billions adults are Overweight &

650 millions are Obese



Worldwide 381 millions children are Overweight out of

which around 41

Ohese



# Diabesity Impacts on Global Markets

Increase in Cost

### **Definition**

World Health Organisation (WHO) defines "diabetes" as a chronic, metabolic disease characterized by elevated levels of blood glucose (or blood sugar), which leads over time to serious damage to the heart, blood vessels, eyes, kidneys, and nerves.

Type 1 - Also known as juvenile diabetes or insulindependent diabetes, is a chronic condition in which the pancreas produces little or no insulin by itself.

Type 2 – Results from the body's inability to respond properly to the action of insulin produced by the pancreas. It is much more common and accounts for around 90% of all diabetes cases worldwide. It occurs most frequently in adults, but is being noted increasingly in adolescents as well.

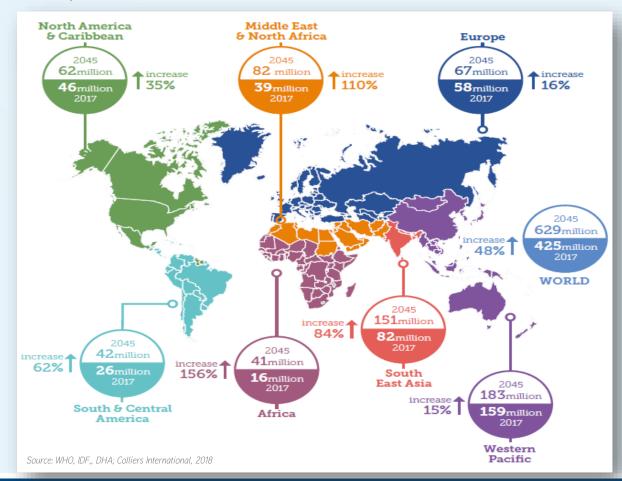
**Gestational Diabetes** - Temporary condition that occurs in pregnancy and carries a long term risk of type 2 diabetes.

WHO estimates that losses in GDP Based on worldwide between 2011 to 2030, Diabetes Federation including both the (IDF) estimates for direct and indirect 2017, the total costs of diabetes, would total US\$ 1.7 expenditure on diabetes has almost US\$ 900 billion for tripled to USD 727 high-income billion (20-79 countries and US\$ years), over the last 800 billion for lowand middle-income

Decrease in GDP

## **Current & Future Numbers**

Based on the estimation by International Diabetes Federation, globally the number of diabetic patients are expected to increase from 425 million in 2017 to 629 million in 2045, an increase of 48%. However, the biggest increase is expected to be in MENA (110%) and Africa (156%) significantly impacting mortality, loss of productivity (decreased GDP) & increased healthcare expenditure.



# Diabesity in MENA

In 2017, almost 39 million adults aged 20 to 79 years in the MENA region are diabetic - this number is expected to double by 2045.

In the MENA region, the prevalence of diabetes and obesity is one of the highest in the world with almost 39 million people suffering from diabetes. Eight Middle Eastern countries; Kuwait, Qatar, Egypt, KSA, Bahrain, UAE, Jordan and Lebanon have the highest ratio of obesity among adults globally with 27% to 40% of the total population affected. The prevalence of overweight and obesity in these countries ranges from 74% to 86% in women and 69% to 77% in men.

Diabetes Prevalence (% of Population above 18)

Lebanon Oman

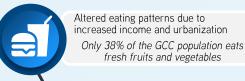
Turkey

Jordan

USA China

Sweden

#### Factors contributing to diabesity in the Gulf region





Sedentary lifestyle, lack of physical activity and stress all causing hormonal imbalance

60% of men and 73% of women are physically inactive



Barriers to a healthy diet and lesser emphasis on nutritional education

There is a shortage of certified nutritionists and educators in the region

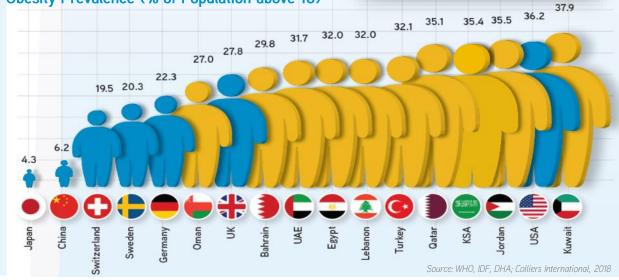


Increased consumption of sugar and sugar substitutes

Six GCC countries represent a US\$8.4 billion soft drinks market



Obesity Prevalence (% of Population above 18)



## Economic Burden of Diabetes in MENA

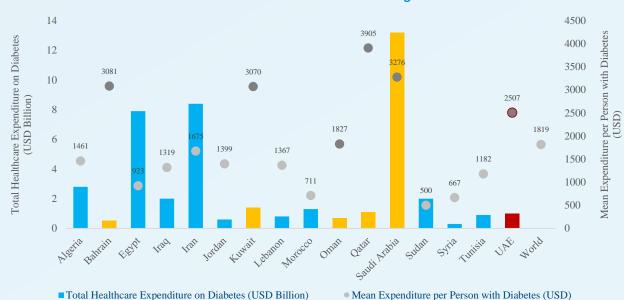
## Burden in terms of GDP and Percentages

In 2017 the healthcare expenditure on diabetes in MENA reached USD 21.3 billion and is expected to jump by 67% to USD 35.5 billion by 2045 as per IDF. The amount of healthcare expenditure dedicated to diabetes corresponded on average to 17% of the total health dollars spent.

The countries which allocated the largest share of their healthcare budget to diabetes were Saudi Arabia (24%), Bahrain (21%), Egypt (17%) and UAE (15.9%).

In the MENA region diabetes accounted for 15% of the total healthcare expenditure in 2015 which is significantly higher when compared to the world (11.3%).

#### **Economic Burden of Diabetes in MENA Region 2017**





## Key Trends in Science and Technology Tackling Diabesity

### "Connected Care" / "Internet of Medical Things"

## The Rise of Wearables:

Advancement in mobile and communication technology is playing a critical role in management of chronic illnesses such as diabetes and obesity. It is becoming increasingly possible to track a patient's key parameters such as ECG, EKG, Temperature, Blood Pressure, Glucose Levels, Physical Activity and Diet Intake through mobile apps, wearable devices or implanted devices.

This data can then be transmitted to healthcare providers for continuous and effective monitoring of a patient's vital signs, adherence to treatment plans, and provide remote consultation/coaching when needed.



## The Rise of "Tele" Healthcare:

Referred to as "telehealth" or "telemedicine," US companies such as American Well, Doctor on Demand and Teladoc offer on-demand access to a doctor, relying on the patient's smartphone or computer to act as a virtual office.

The explosive growth in telemedicine is fueled by connectivity, convenience and lower costs of telemedicine technology.

## Artificial Intelligence

Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Machine Learning is also being applied to create personalized treatment plans. Applications are of immense benefits to over-weight / obese and pre-diabetic / diabetic individuals as they can actively monitor their health and take risk-mitigating measures.

Data gathered from AI apps can provide deep insights on epidemiology and disease patterns. Environmental, regional, occupational and genealogical data layered into AI based systems can provide early profiling allowing physicians to diagnose problems more efficiently.

Source: WHO, IDF, DHA; Colliers International, 2018



# Tackling the Problem – Government Measures

### Preventative Strategies - UAE



The Abu Dhabi Children's Obesity Task Force's plan to reduce obesity by increasing physical activity in children by 15% and reduce the average body mass index by 15% by 2020



Weqaya, meaning prevention, is a programme established by Department of Health Abu Dhabi with the aim of encouraging people to eat a healthy & balanced diet to promote good health and wellbeing. The voluntary certification scheme places a green-and-blue Weqaya logo next to healthy food items



To curb the spread of obesity in the UAE health regulators are currently discussing the implementation of front-of-pack labelling for pre-packaged foods



UAE has imposed a 50% 'sugar tax' on soda, 100% on energy drinks & tobacco products to lower obesity and diabetes rates



The Ministry of Health is working with ESMA (Emirates Standardization and Metrology Association) to decrease sugar content in soft and sugary drinks. Additionally, the Ministry is working on developing policies to put a blanket ban on marketing unhealthy foodstuff to children.

The UAE has developed a clear roadmap for combating and controlling diabesity. Though the challenges are still being faced in some areas such as lifestyle modifications, physical inactivity & diet, government measures has led to a drop in the prevalence of diabetes from 19.3% in 2013 to 17.3% in 2017.

### Quality of Life Program - Saudi Arabia Vision 2030

Quality of Life Program 2020 is one of the Vision Realization Programs of Saudi Arabia 2030. It aims to enhance the quality of life in the Kingdom through lifestyle improvement by activating individuals' participation in entertainment, sport and cultural activities.



prevalence and aspires to be at par with the average of the top 5 most livable countries (ranging 3 – 8%) from current 17.9%. The 2020 target is to achieve 3% reduction in obesity and to decrease diabetes prevalence to 13.4% while eyeing towards 10% by 2030.



programs for students targeting at their 25% participation in extracurricular activities.

The 2022 target is to have 14 sport courts and 39 soccer fields.



number of gym instructors, mass participation and professional coaches. The 2020 target is to have 4,500 certified fitness coaches.

Source: WHO, IDF, DHA; Colliers International, 2018

# Impact on Health & Wellness Industry



#### Specialized Service Centres (Centre of Excellence)

specialties diseases such as diabetes, ophthalmology, cosmetic surgery, IVF and orthopedics (sports medicine) are expected to grow further in the been a key factor to the success of these facilities. E.g., London Diabetes Centre in Abu Dhabi focusses on Evidence-based medicine

### Rehabilitation Centres / Long-term care Centres

- care and the growth in more assisted living options, long-term rehabilitation centers have become common aci
- Developers can integrate new real estate products, targeting retirees as well as those looking for long-term care and immediately accessible

#### Health Driven Wellness Retreats



- To achieve this developers have to go beyond spa packages to include health driven wellness offerings; beauty and cosmetic, weight loss and
- These increase absorption, occupancy levels within the development

### Daycare Surgical Centres

surgeries (treatments / procedures) have significantly increased, resulting in higher



demand for daycare surgery centers.

• The demand for daycare surgical centres has also increased regionally, due increase in prevalence of number of lifestyle diseases; diabetes,

#### Fitness / Skills Retreats

gaining popularity especially within the younge generation Y and Z (age range of 20 to 40 years)



home market can benefit by applying these new trends which will enhance the absorption / occupancy of new developments and price

### Rise in Beauty, Cosmetic and Weight Reduction Surgeries







# in the battle against obesity. • Rise in medical tourism will also drive market growth.

#### Diet and Nutrition Clinics

leading to an increasing demand for lifestyle clinics and diet & nutrition centers which follow



These clinics are aimed to cater to various lifestyle diseases thereby

### Emergence of entertainment/ outdoor parks



Source: WHO, IDF, DHA; Colliers International, 2018

## 69 countries

\$2.7

billion in annual revenue

2.0

billion square feet under management

15,400

professionals and staff

For further information, please contact:

#### Ian Albert

Regional Director | Valuation & Advisory | MENA Region Main +971 4 453 7400 | Ian.albert@colliers.com

#### Mansoor Ahmed

Director | Healthcare, Education & PPP | MENA Region Main +971 4 453 7400 mansoor.ahmed@colliers.com

Colliers International | MENA Region Dubai | United Arab Emirates

+971 4 453 7400

#### **About Colliers International**

Colliers International is a global leader in commercial real estate services, with over 15,400 professionals operating in 69 countries. Colliers International delivers a full range of services to real estate users, owners and investors worldwide, including global corporate solutions, brokerage, property and asset management, hotel investment sales and consulting, valuation, consulting and appraisal services and insightful research. The latest annual survey by the Lipsey Company ranked Colliers International as the second-most recognized commercial real estate firm in the world.

In MENA Colliers International has provided leading advisory services through its regional offices since 1996. Colliers International currently has five corporate offices in the region located in Dubai, Abu Dhabi, Egypt, Riyadh and Jeddah.

Copyright © 2018 Colliers International.

The information contained herein has been obtained from sources deemed reliable. While every reasonable effort has been made to ensure its accuracy, we cannot guarantee it. No responsibility is assumed for any inaccuracies. Readers are encouraged to consult their professional advisors prior to acting on any of the material contained in this report.

